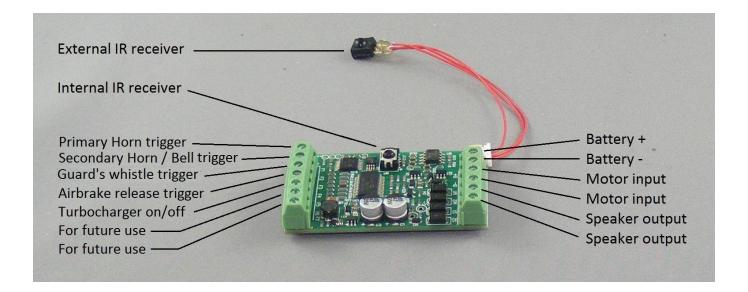
MYLOCOSOUND

UNIVERSAL SOUND FOR LARGE SCALE, DC, DIESEL LOCOS & RAILCARS

1.OVERVIEW

- Easy installation using screw terminals with no soldering.
- Uses a TV remote control to adjust the volume and sounds to match the prototype loco.
- Provides an engine sound which matches the loco speed and load.
- Single and dual tone horns with adjustable tone to suit the loco.
- Full remote control of the horn, bell, airbrake, "All aboard" and optional turbocharger.
- For track powered DC or battery powered radio controlled railways
- Measures 2.2" x 1.3" x 0.4".

2. CONTENTS



The soundcard generates synthesised sound which is adjustable to reproduce the sounds of most diesel locos and railcars. The terminal connections on the right are necessary for the

soundcard to generate diesel sounds which vary with the loco speed and load. The terminal connections on the left trigger the various sounds where the locomotive controller has the appropriate outputs available.

Sounds can also be triggered by the Sony compatible infra-red TV remote control which you may have ordered with the soundcard or purchased locally yourself. Although it can be used at short ranges when running in the garden, the remote control is intended mainly for the adjustment and testing of sounds.

The remote control communicates with the soundcard via two infra-red receivers. One is located on the soundcard and the other is on a flying lead which allows it to be fixed to any external surface of the loco. Adjustments to the sounds can then be made without taking the loco apart to access the soundcard.



3. SPEAKERS AND SOUND QUALITY

The soundcard requires an 8 ohm loudspeaker which is not included. A 4 ohm speaker can also be used but you may cause the soundcard to overheat and temporarily shut down if the volume is very high and the soundcard is in a confined space. Your choice of speaker is highly important because it determines the quality of the sound produced. A power output of at least one watt is recommended.



The lowest cost option is to fit speaker from your local consumer electronics store. Typically these come in 27mm or 57mm diameters. Use the largest which you can fit in your loco.



For a better quality sound and more volume, the speaker needs to be baffled. That means that it needs to be built into the front face of an airtight box so that sound is heard only from the front of the speaker

and none from the back. The plastic top of a spray paint can is good for making a baffle as shown in the diagram.

A good solution, which ensures high quality sound with lots of deep throbbing bass, is to purchase an 8 ohm impedance external speaker unit for iPod and MP3 music players and remove the two speaker modules, in their enclosures, for use in two locos. These are readily available at consumer electronics stores.

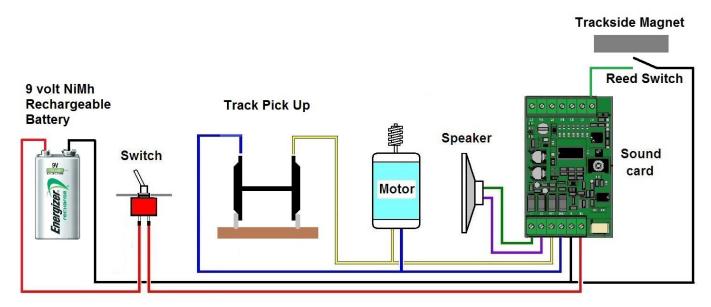


Speakers can be connected to the terminals either way around.

It is also possible to boost the volume by using a commercial stereo amplifier. Section 13 of these instructions shows how this can be done. Use of an external amplifier is recommended for ride on railways.

4. INSTALLING THE SOUNDCARD IN A TRACK POWERED LOCOMOTIVE OR RAILCAR

The soundcard is suitable for use on analogue DC track powered railways. It is not suitable for use with DCC.



When the track voltage is below nine volts it is insufficient to power the soundcard. Therefore a nine volt PP3 battery is used to drive the soundcard and produce sound when the loco is static or moving slowly.

This battery will be automatically recharged whenever the track voltage is at least one volt higher than the battery voltage so there should never be a need to remove the battery for recharging. However, the battery must be a Nickel Metal Hydride type; Lithium and Nickel Cadmium batteries must not be used. On small shunting layouts, the loco speed is often not high enough for charging to take place. Some owners of shunting layouts put an isolation switch on the loco motor circuit so that they can turn up the power to recharge the battery without having the loco moving.

Because most DC controllers do not have function buttons, an alternative way of triggering the horn, bell and other sounds needs to be found. The options are:

- 1. You can set the horn to sound automatically three times a minute when the train is running. This is described in section 6.
- 2. You can connect the soundcard horn trigger to a reed switch which you mount on the bottom of the loco. Then install magnets in the track where you want the horn to sound eg. at the approaches to a level crossing. The horn will then sound briefly as the loco crosses each magnet.
- 3. Use the remote control, supplied with the soundcard, to trigger all the sounds as described in section 6. However, infra-red remote controls are not designed for long distance use outside. On an overcast but bright day, the remote with coin batteries will only operate up to one metre away from the loco. A larger remote control, powered by AA or AAA batteries will probably operate up to three metres away.
- 4. Any combination, or all, of these methods can be used.

Now continue reading at section 6.

5. INSTALLING THE SOUNDCARD IN A BATTERY POWERED LOCOMOTIVE OR RAILCAR

The wiring diagram below shows a typical installation for common types of battery powered radio control systems.

Wiring Diagram for RailBoss 4

Despatch is "All aboard" in the US and a guard's whistle elsewhere

Speaker

Sound card

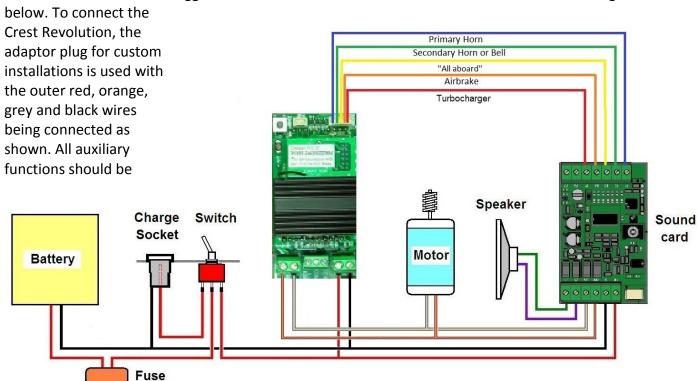
DC Power Supply from Battery, Fuze, On/Off Switch and

The RailBoss 4 can trigger four sound functions. The fifth soundcard trigger, the turbocharger, therefore cannot be radio controlled and will need to be switched on, if required, by the IR remote control.

Charging Socket

The above wiring diagrams can be seen in colour by visiting the web site at www.mylocosound.com\installs. Also shown are specific wiring diagrams for RCS, Spoerer, Mtronics, Roundhouse and LocoLinc.

The Crest Revolution can trigger all five sound functions and is connected as shown in the diagram



set to momentary by selecting MENU – ASSIGN FUNCTIONS – AUX FUNC SETUP.

Note that volume is adjusted by the remote control and not by the transmitter 7, 8 and 9 buttons.

6. THE INFRA-RED RECEIVERS

The infra-red receivers accept commands from the handheld remote control to adjust or trigger sounds. Two receivers are provided. One is fixed in the middle of the soundcard. The other is on a flying lead which plugs into the small white socket as shown on page one.

In some installations, the soundcard is visible when installed in the loco. This usually occurs when the soundcard is mounted on the floor of a cab, with or without windows. In this case, the remote control can be pointed directly at the soundcard and the on-board receiver is all that is needed.

If the soundcard is within the loco and is not visible then the flying lead needs to be used. Plug it into the white socket and glue the black receiver, round side outwards, to any external surface of the loco to which you can easily point the radio control. Do not paint the receiver.

7. THE REMOTE CONTROL

The soundcard will operate with any Sony™ TV remote control using the buttons described in this section. The picture shows the particular remote control supplied by MyLocoSound.

The MyLocoSound remote control requires two AAA batteries fitted. It is a universal device which has been pre-programmed to Sony™ coding on both the TV and SAT-CBL-DTC channels. If your remote control stops working or needs a battery change then please refer to the Trouble shooting guide at the end of these instructions.



Note that the buttons on the

remote control auto-repeat if held down. If you want a single event to occur, like turning on the safety valve, then press the safety valve and release it immediately. If you want to make a large change in volume or tone then you can hold the button down to avoid the need to press the button repeatedly.

8. CONFIGURING THE SOUNDCARD

There are a few settings which need to be specified to match the sounds to the particular locomotive or railcar. Place the loco on the track and switch it on. Then proceed as follows:

- Turbocharger. Press button 5 to turn the optional turbo charger on or off. You should hear it.
- Engine type. There are five different engine options on the 7 button of the remote control. When the button is pressed, the number of beeps indicates which option is now selected. The three, four and five beep options are the same basic engine but operating in three ways. Three beeps is for diesel mechanical engines and will go through two gear changes as the speed is increased. Four beeps will cause the engine to increase linearly. Five beeps will produce a louder exhaust sound as the engine is notched up.
- Control mode buttons. Press the 6 button on the remote control to change the control mode.
 - One beep Indicates manual mode. In this mode all sounds are triggered only by pressing a radio control function or by using the remote control buttons. The horn will sound for as long as its button is pressed.
 - Two beeps Indicate simple automatic mode. This is designed for controllers which have no function buttons, as is often the case with track power, or at exhibitions, etc. where you don't want to operate manually. The horn will sound once automatically when the loco moves off and then once more three times a minute when the loco is on motion. A reed switch can be placed under the loco and be connected to the F1 terminal to make the horn sound when the loco passes over a magnet. Another reed switch, connected to the F2 terminal, can be used to trigger the bell which will turn on when crossing a magnet and then off at the next magnet.
 - Three beeps Indicate American automatic mode. Again this is designed for controllers which
 have no function buttons, as is often the case with track power, or at exhibitions, etc. where you
 don't want to operate manually. However, it follows American rules.
 - The horn will sound two long toots when the loco moves off forwards or three short when backing up. If these occur the wrong way around then reverse the leads at the M1/M2 terminals. When the loco stops, a single short toot will indicate brakes on. A reed switch can be placed under the loco and be connected to the F1 terminal to make the horn sound the grade crossing sequence when the loco passes over a magnet.
 - Another reed switch, connected to the F2 terminal, can be used to trigger the bell which will turn on when crossing a magnet and sound for a set time. This time is set using the remote control. Press button 2, let the bell sound for the desired time and then press button 2 again to stop it. The bell will then ring for that time when the F2 terminal is triggered.
- Horn type. Press the 9 button on the remote control. A single beep means that the soundcard is set
 to European two tone horns. A double beep means that the soundcard is set to single tone horns.
 Three beeps is for more modern US horns.
- **Bell**. If the horn is set to two or three beeps then a bell becomes available on function 2. Bells are not used in Europe so, if a one beep horn is selected then the bell on function 2 is replaced with a short horn.
- **Horn tone and volume**. Press the 1 button to start the horn. Use the channel up/down buttons to set the tone and the volume up/down buttons to set the volume.
- **Bell volume**. If you are using a single tone horn then the 2 button will sound the bell. Use the volume up/down buttons to set the bell volume to the desired level.

- **Setting the engine tick over**. You should hear the engine. If not then press the Mute button to switch on the sound. Use the channel up/down buttons to set the engine tick over rate to the desired level and the volume up/down buttons to set the volume.
- **Setting the engine start voltage**. Turn up the controller to the point where you want the diesel engine to start revving up. Then press the Power button to set that start point. Further increases in power should cause the engine to speed up.
- **Setting the engine running speed.** When the loco is in motion, even at slow speed, you can use the channel up/down buttons to set the rate at which the engine speed increases with loco speed.
- Setting load sensitivity. The soundcard can be programmed to make the engine loud when
 accelerating and softer when coasting and slowing down. This button changes the level of sensitivity
 as indicated by the number of beeps when pressed. One beep indicates maximum sensitivity. Five
 beeps sets minimum sensitivity. We suggest you start by setting the sensitivity to two and change to
 one if you want more sensitivity or three or more if the engine sounds erratic. The sensitivity will
 rotate back to one beep after five.

You can change these settings whenever you wish and those changes will be effective immediately. Holding down the 3 button for two seconds will cause the soundcard to reset itself back to its factory defaults. These include a dual tone horn and diesel mechanical engine.

11. OPERATING THE SOUNDCARD

When the loco is running, the engine sounds should operate automatically, getting louder when accelerating and softer when slowing down or idle.

Where your controller has function buttons then you can use them as follows:

- Button 1. Sounds the main horn.
- Button 2. If a British horn was selected then the reverse tones will be heard. Otherwise the bell will operate.
- Button 3. Sounds the "All aboard"
- Button 4. Sounds the airbrake release.
- Button 5. Turns the turbo charge on and off.

12. TROUBLE SHOOTING GUIDE

THE REMOTE CONTROL WON'T WORK

Press any button. If a red light next to the POWER button does not turn on then the battery is missing or

flat. Open the battery compartment on the reverse and insert two new AAA batteries. Then, when you press a button, the red light should turn on to indicate that it is sending.



If the red light is on but the soundcard does

not respond to the remote then try pressing the other channel (TV or SAT-CBL-DTC) button near the top of the remote control.

If the remote still does nothing then try resetting the SAT-CBL-DTC button coding as follows:

- 1. Press the CODE SEARCH button and hold until the LED lights.
- 2. Press the SAT-CBL-DTC button.
- 3. Enter the four digit code 1 0 0 6 or 0 6 3 9. The LED should turn off. If it blinks multiple times then an invalid code was entered.
- 4. Power up the soundcard and test. Button 1 should sound the whistle.

If the remote still does nothing then try resetting the TV button coding as follows:

- 1. Press the CODE SEARCH button and hold until the LED lights.
- 2. Press the TV button.
- 3. Enter the four digit code 0 0 0 1 or 0 8 1 0. The LED should turn off. If it blinks multiple times then an invalid code was entered.
- 4. Power up the soundcard and test. Button 1 should sound the whistle.

If the remote control still does nothing then the problem may be the infra-red receiver on the loco which must not be painted or obstructed.

I GET NO SOUND AT LOW SPEEDS WHEN USING TRACKPOWER

On trackpower, you may get no sound at low speeds until the track voltage gets up to about nine volts. This indicates that the support battery is flat. Charge the battery by running the loco at half speed for ten minutes.

I GET NO SOUND AT ALL

Press the Mute button on the remote control in case the sound has been accidentally turned off.

Switch the loco off and then on again. When the soundcard starts, the LED should flash three times. if not then use a multimeter to check that there is at least nine volts at the B+ and B- terminals. If not then check your wiring in case something has come adrift.

If testing on the bench, make sure there are no fluorescent lamps shining on the board or the remote receiver.

Check that the speaker is connected correctly.

THE SOUNDCARD MAKES A CLICKING NOISE OR SHUTS DOWN

This most often occurs when the horn is sounded. It is caused by the soundcard restarting because there is insufficient voltage in the track or the battery to sustain the volume setting. Recharge the battery.

WHEN INSTALLED IN A LOCO, THE LOCO AND SOUND STOP INTERMITTENTLY AND I HAVE TO RESET THE CONTROLLER TO GET IT GOING AGAIN

The soundcard maximum output is 1.5 amps. If this is exceeded as a result of a large motor, a heavy load and/or high volume settings then the soundcard will shut down. Also, if the soundcard is installed in a very confined space and is run for a prolonged period at high power then it can overheat and switch itself off while it cools down.

HOW TO RESET YOUR SOUNDCARD

A time may come when you have been adjusting the sound and you want to start again. This can be achieved by resetting the soundcard back to the settings when it left the factory. You can do this by pressing the 3 button on the remote control and hold it down for two seconds. The soundcard will beep three times when the reset is complete.

THE SOUND IS ERRATIC

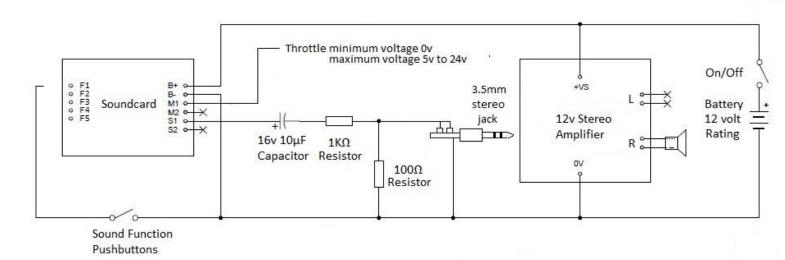
When using trackpower, some controllers have an output which is so rough as to cause the soundcard to run erratically. This can be cured by fitting a $220\mu F$ <u>bi-polar</u> capacitor across the M1/M2 terminals to smooth the DC pulses. The capacitor rating needs to be at least 30 volts to ensure that it is more than the maximum controller voltage. A bi-polar capacitor is one which can be connected either way around.

MY RADIO CONTROL HAS BECOME ERRATIC

If the soundcard is installed very close to the loco radio receiver ie, back to back, then it can interfere with the radio commands and operation can become erratic. To avoid this problem move the soundcard a little away from the receiver. You can also avoid the problem by wrapping the soundcard in silver paper but would have to be very careful to avoid shorts and component overheating.

13. USING AN EXTERNAL AMPLIFIER FOR RIDE ON RAILROAD LOCOMOTIVES

When used in 5 inch and 7¼ inch ride on railroads there is a lot all environmental noise. The one watt output of the soundcard is not sufficient for these environments and an external amplifier needs to be used.

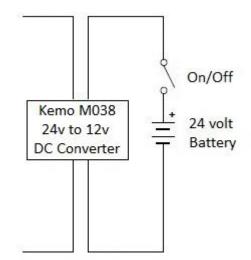


The wiring diagram shows how the soundcard can be interfaced to a commercial stereo amplifier in a loco powered by a 12 V battery.

A 24v battery powered loco will require a 24v to 12v DC converter as shown alongside. Note that the soundcard can handle a maximum of 24 volts DC. A battery which is labelled as 24 volts will typically output 28 volts when fully charged and will therefore damage the soundcard if connected directly.

For most locos a 12v DC, 2x15 watt amplifier is suitable. Other amplifiers may require the 100Ω resistor to be changed. If the output volume is too low then raise the value of the 100Ω resistor.

A single speaker can be used on the right output or two speakers on the left and right outputs.



Any of the five functions can be used by means of a pushbutton between the function terminal and ground. The sound functions available are horn, bell, "All aboard", airbrake release and turbocharger.

The installation can be made more robust by using two blobs of silicon to attach the soundcard to a plastic box in which the capacitor and two resistors are placed as shown above. The whole can then be fixed to the top of the amplifier, again using silicon.

Select a speaker which matches the impedance and power output of the amplifier. It is also important to make a soundbox which is an airtight fit to the back of the speaker. This will improve both volume and sound quality.



PLC009 Diesel Instructions RCA.doc 04/04/16

For more information, please visit the web site at www.mylocosound.com or e-mail sales@mylocosound.com.

Copyright © 2013-6 Peter Lucas Consulting Pty. Ltd.